

LIKE VOICE
FROM GRAVE.

Statement of Pennell Given to Public.

Inquest Throats No New Light on the Burdick Murder.

If Pennell Purposely Plunged Down Embankment Also Remains a Question.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)
BUFFALO, April 10.—The evidence given today before Justice Murphy at the inquest into the death of Arthur E. Pennell and Mrs. Pennell, will not help the authorities in any way to a solution of the Burdick murder mystery. Whether the tragedy at Gehrs stone quarry on March 16, in which Pennell was killed and Mrs. Pennell was fatally injured, was due to an accident or design was not proved.

Thomas Penney, who acted as attorney for the Pennell family since Arthur Pennell's death, declared that so far as he was aware, nothing in the papers left by Pennell would throw any light upon the murder of Edwin Burdick.

When questioned regarding the alleged defalcations of Pennell, Penney declined to answer. J. Frederick Pennell, brother of the dead lawyer and administrator of most of his estate, who has possession of most of the papers, was out of the city, and Penney informed the court that he did not know where he was, or when he would return to Buffalo.

"Evidence that will show defalcation would simply be cumulative," said Justice Murphy after the evidence was given. "No stronger motive could be proven than has already been brought out here. But proving a motive does not establish suicide. The court is prepared to announce its findings."

Judge Murphy then delivered his verdict as follows: "I find and certify: That Arthur R. Pennell came to his death on the 16th day of March, 1903, as a result of injuries received while riding in an automobile, the said automobile plunging from an embankment into the Gehrs stone quarry.

"That I cannot determine from the evidence submitted whether such injury was accidental or designed."

"That Carrie Lamb Pennell came to her death as a result of the said plunge of the automobile into the quarry."

W. C. Omphallos, Pennell's stenographer, produced a typewritten copy of the first draft of a statement prepared for publication, by Pennell before his death. The statement in full is as follows:

"Now that the flood of sensationalism and malicious journalism has lessened, and that public excitement has died down to a calmer consideration of the facts and events leading up to a terrible tragedy, which has recently taken place in this city, I wish in behalf of myself, and especially more in behalf of others, whose sufferings are even greater than mine, to make this statement:

"Owing to the fact that my name was so unfortunately at this time connected with the pending divorce proceedings, it was forced into great publicity in connection with that crime which was concerned. I think, the District Attorney and his agents understood thoroughly that I had nothing to do with it, and since that time neither has my house nor myself been under suspicion or surveillance.

"After being out for a short time in the early part of that month, I spent the rest of it at home, as was shown by the evidence of my wife, and the servant girl in our house. I think I was so acquitted, both by the public and the authorities with any connection."

"It now becomes incumbent upon me to make some statement relative to my connection with the divorce proceedings. In this statement I wish to say as little as possible about the dead. But it must be noted that those who are living have their lives to live, and the rights of the living are greater than the rights of the dead. There was no truth in the charges brought by the plaintiff in that proceeding against the defendant and myself. The charges were absolutely denied, under oath, and counter charges had been made, and in a short time the case would have been quietly tried before a referee and settled.

"The relations existing between the plaintiff and the defendant had been strained for some time. Twice he had ungraciously attempted to make her leave her home. My wife and myself had taken her side in the controversy that ensued between them. She had consulted me for legal advice and protection. During this time the man himself was in intimate relations with a woman whom he desired to marry. For this reason he was necessary to be far from his wife. He discovered the fact that his wife knew of these relations by gaining access to safe-deposit vaults where she kept her papers, through forging a written order over his blank signature, and purloining the keys from her."

"Being thus apprised of the evidence against him, he determined to anticipate her action by bringing an action himself in order that he might have the appearance of being the injured party, and out of vindictiveness and desire to injure me as much as possible made me a defendant in the action. His allegations were properly denied, and the plaintiff could not have been squarely met, when his death occurred at the hands of some unknown woman whom he had invited to his house at midnight. Nothing more unfortunate could have occurred for every one involved in the matter necessarily became public, and if the truth could have appeared the harm would not have been so great, but truth and yellow journalism are at opposite poles, and consequently a mass of lies was published which had no possible basis in fact, but for the sake of those most concerned some of these misrepresentations must be taken up and met."

"I have referred to the office which I was alleged to have maintained in Ellicott Square. That office was leased and furnished by me under an arrangement with another man whom I can not give, in order to do a collecting business. Shortly after that arrangement he received an offer of a salaried position in another city which he desired to accept. I arranged, therefore, to release him, and no business was done in the office, nor was it ever used as a meeting place in any manner as so falsely and unjustly indicated."

"Second—In reference to the alleged statement of New York detective agency, whose main business is to have been to give their clients' secret to the public, I desire to say that, without knowing that arrangements were made with them by any person, any statements on the part of such agency

intending to reflect in any way either on myself or any other persons involved are equally false and have no basis in fact. There are made of those unfounded statements of this class of spies which have become of such doubtful value that even in the court it is now almost held that the presumption is against their credibility."

"Third—During the pendency of the divorce action it became necessary for me to consult with the defendant in reference to the course to pursue. For this purpose, meetings were held at the meeting should take place here in New York or in Atlantic City, but in such cases, absolutely proven, these meetings were in such places and under such circumstances as to absolutely negative any idea than the purpose of transacting the affairs relative to the divorce action."

"Fourth—During the pendency of the divorce action it became necessary for me to consult with the defendant in reference to the course to pursue. For this purpose, meetings were held at the meeting should take place here in New York or in Atlantic City, but in such cases, absolutely proven, these meetings were in such places and under such circumstances as to absolutely negative any idea than the purpose of transacting the affairs relative to the divorce action."

"Fifth—It may be said that the crime is as great a mystery to the writer as to the rest. Terrible, no doubt, and publicly has been brought upon people, more especially women who have entirely undeserved it, and great wrong has been done all concerned, especially to the family which is involved, and must be most."

"For all that we must thank the spirit of yellow journalism, which does not hesitate to violate every principle of truth, honor, chivalry, justice, and sanctity in those efforts to make news and sell papers, which makes that style of journalism one of the tickling things of modern civilization."

LABOR
WAR OF THE UNIONS
RAGES FIERCELY.

AMALGAMATED MEN TAKING JOBS LEFT BY BROTHERHOOD.

Gompers and Duncan Arrive in New York and Try to Pour Oil on the Troubled Waters, but Fife Says They Won't Succeed.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)
NEW YORK, April 10.—The struggle between the warring factions of carpenters was resumed today, the fourth day of the strike. Renewed efforts on the part of the Amalgamated Union to install its members in the places left vacant by the striking members of the Brotherhood were encouraged by the announcement that a second firm of contractors had consented to employ men from the Amalgamated.

The Amalgamated men are coming in from outlying districts, and are being put to work in the big office buildings in course of erection.

Officials of the Brotherhood and Civic Protection extend a hope that President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, will adjust the differences of the organizations, both of which are affiliated with the Federation.

President Gompers and Vice-President Duncan of the American Federation of Labor arrived here today. Gompers said: "We are going to see if we cannot settle the difficulties. I have good hopes that we may do so at once."

William Fife, business agent of the Amalgamated, said he did not think Gompers would be successful.

STRIKERS FALL OUT.

TURBULENCE IN AMSTERDAM.
(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

AMSTERDAM, April 10.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Workmen's Defense Committee decided today to proclaim a cessation of the general strike at

GRAVE CHARGES IN CUBA.

Congressman Southard Investigating Demands for Disinterment and Shipments of Bodies of American Soldiers.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

TOLEDO (Ohio) April 10.—Congressman J. H. Southard of this city has started an investigation which may bring to light a scandal among United States officials at Havana. The charges is that exorbitant charges are being made for the disinterment and shipment of the bodies of dead soldiers from Cuba when it should be done free of cost.

At a monster mass meeting held later in the day the Federal Trade Union ratified the findings of the Workmen's Defense Committee and decided to continue the strike without the consent of the committee. A tumult prevented the members of the defense committee from securing a hearing.

With the exception of the diamond cutters all the men will remain out.

MANIFESTO ISSUED.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)
AMSTERDAM, April 10.—The Workmen's Defense Committee has issued a manifesto explaining that a continuation of the strike will only expose the strikers to the vigorous penalties of the new anti-strike bill which has practically become law. The committee has therefore decided to leave each trade union to act as it thinks best.

The calling off of the strike has resulted in the holding of angry mass meetings of strikers. Some rioting occurred at the gas works tonight, the police using a number of men who were intimidating the non-strikers.

A cabinet council was held this evening, and it was resolved to continue the strong military precautions, which had begun to be relaxed.

LOWELL STRIKE.

INVESTIGATION OPENS.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)
LOWELL, April 10.—The cotton manufacturing corporations of Lowell were on the defensive almost all day during the hearing which is being conducted by the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration at the home of the Legis.

At the opening of the proceedings Edward McVey, counsel for the Textile Council, announced that the manufacturers, regarding their claim that the burden of proof lay with the manufacturers, had withdrawn.

The Executive Committee of the council thus declining to put in evidence, the board called William S. Southworth, agent of the Massachusetts Mills, to the stand. He gave the entire

history of the present controversy. The wages was an anticipation of future conditions, and that at present it could not be effected.

When an advance was granted in Fall River, Southworth asserted, the price of print cloth was raised so the cost of the goods came out of the pockets of the consumer. This, with him he is connected, he declared, are old, and the machinery not adapted to new goods, therefore the impossibility of raising wages.

Southworth denied there was any combination of mill owners to control the prices of goods, or to keep down wages.

ILLEGAL STRIKES.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

NEW YORK, April 10.—One of the most important legal decisions ever announced in the State on the question of the right of a labor union to order a strike has just been handed down by the appellate division of the Supreme Court. It is in effect that a labor union does not have the right to order its men to quit work where they are in receipt of the wages demanded by the organization, and where there is no attempt to employ non-union workers, but where an organization over which there is any difference is a refusal of the employer to recognize the union or its representative.

Shaffer Has Walkaway.

PITTSBURGH, April 10.—President T. J. Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers will probably be reelected without opposition. Louis Goot of this city, the most formidable candidate, has withdrawn, saying the general feeling appears that it would be injudicious to interrupt Shaffer's policy at this time.

Pershing Gives Bacalodians a Salutary Session.

Hundred Moros Slain in Battle and Many Wounded.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

MANILA, April 10.—[By Manila Cable.] Pershing's force captured Bacolod, Island of Mindanao, Wednesday, killing 190 Moros and wounding many others. Three Americans were wounded. Pershing's force consisted of Shaw's Battalion of the Twenty-seventh Infantry, Kilpatrick's troop of the Fifteenth Cavalry, and McNair's Battery.

Pershing was surveying the west shore lands when the Bacalodians opposed his advance, and provoked the fight.

Pershing's force surrounded and attacked the stronghold, first shelling it, and rushing his troops forward, charged gallantly. After crossing a deep moat and entering the fort, the Americans engaged the Moros, bayonets against krisises. A hundred of the defenders were killed, including the leader of the Bacalodians, and many were wounded. Only three Americans were wounded. After the capture of the fort it was destroyed.

The Bacolod leaders and the majority of the people of that district had been hostile to the Americans, and encouraged attacks on American camps. They regarded the tenders of friendship.

It is expected that the result of the Bacalodians will be fatal in all the Moros acknowledging American sovereignty.

Pershing's column is going to Parauhe, which is also hostile.

FOUR FATALLY SHOT.

Card Game in Saloon Causes Accusation of Cheating and Deadly Pistol Duel.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

NEW YORK, April 10.—Five hundred members of the People's Gaslight and Coke Company were ordered out today, on a sympathetic strike with the Gas Inspectors' Union, the members of which organization have been on strike for four days now. The men who were ordered out today are members of the engineers' union, the men's union and the bricklayers' union, and an effort will be made to prevent the gas company from manufacturing any gas.

PROTECTS HIS MURDERER.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

ATHENS (Greece) April 10.—In a fight tonight at Jacksonville, twelve miles north of here, four people were fatally shot and one seriously. The fatality was charged to the murderer of John Wellner, the farmer for whom he worked, and whose wife he afterward married. Mrs. Wellner is now serving a life sentence in the penitentiary, owing to her confession that she murdered her husband.

PROTECTS HIS MURDERER.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

NEW YORK, April 10.—David Bernstein, "Big Dave," a restaurant-keeper, thought to be dying from the effects of a bullet wound just under the heart, only smiles when he is asked what shot him. "I am not dead yet," he says. "I'll get well," he answers grimly. "I'll get even with the men without your help. If I don't, well, I'll die like a man."

ROOSEVELT'S TRIP.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY'S red map outlining President Roosevelt's 14,000-mile journey, would indicate that he wants to spend most of his time on the line along which he ranched and hunted during the earlier, and not more strenuous, years of his life. The itinerary shows the President's special will use the Northern Pacific Railroad for 1000 miles, which is the shortest route on any one road. Like thousands of his countrymen, his objective point seems to be National Yellowstone Park, the playground of the people, where he will spend favorite days, doing the pastime of snowshoeing. Like Schwabach and Haynes park photographer, tried this in 1885, but Schwabach abandoned it at Norris Geyser Basin. Haynes made the tour, securing some wonderful winter pictures.

The government will this season erect at Gardiner, the Northern Pacific terminus on the park boundary, where the President's special train will be held for him a beautiful stone arch that will mark the formal entrance to this wonderland. The regular park season extends from June 1 to September 15.—[Adv.]

OBITUARY.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

SAN MATEO, April 10.—Robert Y. Hayes, one of the most prominent jurists in the State, is dead. He was very active in some of the most important legal battles fought out in this State, and at one time served as a Supreme Court Commissioner. He married Miss Anna Hayes, daughter of prominent San Franciscans, and the widow and two sons will prove him. Deceased was 50 years old.

MRS. AGNES HOWELL.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

CHICAGO, April 10.—Mrs. Moody, the famous Corn Kitchen Queen of the World's Columbian Exposition of 1900, is dead at the age of 70. She was born in 1830, and forty years ago was a widow. Her son, Mrs. Moody, is a successful architect, and she will be buried tomorrow afternoon. An elaborate service will be held in the columbarium of the Forest Home Cemetery.

T. W. POINDEXTER.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

DILLON (Mont.) April 10.—T. W. Poindexter, a pioneer, died today. He was 80 years old. He was one of the first members of the National Association of Colored Women, and he was vice-president.

GREEN'S AUGUST TREAT.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

GREEN'S AUGUST TREAT is the most popular remedy in the cure of all stomach, digestive and habitual diseases. We advertise as a medicine which has been used for centuries. It is now sold all over the United States and most foreign countries. It gives a sense of well-being and satisfaction. Only three thousand letters are sent to us every day.

At Dean's Laundry Co.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

Lancaster (Pa.) April 10.—Maj. Charles M. Howell, one of the oldest and most prominent members of the Odd Fellows in the United States, died today from old age. He was born in 1814. He had the distinction of being the only Democrat ever

THE PHILIPPINES.

FORT TAKEN
BY ASSAULT.

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

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HARRY CHANDLER...Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER...Secretary.
ALBERT McFARLAND...Treasurer.
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Daily, Weekly, Sunday,
and Weekly Magazine.

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EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR.

NEWS SERVICE.—Full reports of the new Associated Press, covering the globe; from 18,000 to 20,000 words transmitted daily over more than 20,000 miles of leased wires.

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SWINN CIRCULATION REPORT FOR 1901: 1,200,000; FOR 1902: 1,200,000; FOR 1903: 1,200,000; FOR 1904: 1,200,000; NET SUNDAY AVERAGE, 48,000.

TELEPHONES—Concourse Room, Subscription Department, Editorial Room, City Editor and General Staff, Fire Department, Police Department, City and County, State and Federal, Eastern Agents, Williams & Lawrence, No. 21-22 Tribune Building, New York; 51 Washington street, Chicago; Washington Bureau, 41st Floor Building, where the latest copies of the Times may be consulted.

Offices: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as mail matter of the second class.

BUSINESS.

Local clearings yesterday amounted to \$11,948.47, as compared with \$833,439.06 for the corresponding period a year ago. Business is brisk throughout Southern California.

Yesterday was a holiday, Good Friday, on Eastern Exchanges.

STAND FAST!

A general strike of union men engaged in the building trades in Los Angeles was ordered yesterday. All union workmen employed upon buildings where non-union labor is also employed were ordered to quit work. Many obeyed the order, and are out of employment in consequence.

The local conflict which has long been threatened seems at last to have materialized. It is the avowed intention of the union-labor bosses to tie up the building trades in this city completely, if possible. It remains to be seen how far this conspiracy against the prosperity and welfare of Los Angeles, and against the welfare of the whole body of working people, will be successful.

The strike was not ordered because of dissatisfaction with wages or hours of labor. The unreasonable demand is made that all employers shall institute a black-list against all employees who do not belong to a union. This is in effect a demand that all work that is to be performed in the building trades shall be given to members of the unions, and that men who are not members of the unions shall be denied the right to work and to live.

Such demands can never be complied with by any self-respecting employer, nor countenanced in any self-respecting community.

The right of every man, unionist or non-unionist, to quit work is undeniable and undeniable. Likewise, the right of every man to work if he so desires, and for whom he pleases (provided his services are sought), is not to be denied. These rights cannot be overlooked or abridged, if liberty is to live in the land and law is to survive. Interference with these simple, fundamental and inalienable manhood rights is what causes most of the trouble in all strikes.

It is a time for employers to stand fast. It is also a time for independent workmen to stand fast. Both classes have had object-lessons without number as to the inestimable value of firm united resistance to trades-union tyranny. The way for them to win, in the impending contest, is to present a united front to the opposition. Employers are compelled, by the unreasonable demands made upon them, to meet organization with organization: it is imperative in the present crisis. To grant the preposterous demand of the allied unionists would be to place their necks irretrievably under the galling yoke of union despotism.

Los Angeles has been, thus far in its industrial history, a free community. It will remain so if every man upon whom is imposed the responsibility of action will stand fast in defense of his rights as an American citizen.

It is a time for non-union men to come to the front. They have an inalienable right to work on any job where the conditions are satisfactory to them and to their employers. They have a legal and moral right to refrain from joining labor unions if they see fit. No man nor set of men can have any right, legal or moral, to interfere with them in the pursuit of a legitimate occupation. Knowing their rights, they should stand fast in the exercise and the defense of them to the end.

It is also a time for union workmen who are opposed to strikes and to the aggressions of the malcontents in their own ranks, to stand fast. They have the right to resist the domination and the despotism of the walking delegates, which are exercised almost as much against well-disposed unionists as against non-union men.

It is expedient for employers to hold themselves in readiness at proper times to confer freely with their own men, in order to ascertain their feelings and their wants, but they will do well to steadfastly re-

fuse to confer with "walking delegates," "business agents," or other mischief-making outsiders possessing no right to intervene between employer and employee.

The impossibility of complying with the demand that all non-union men shall be discharged, as a condition precedent to the return of unionists to work, must be clearly apparent to every employer who looks the situation squarely in the face. It is, indeed, a question that is not debatable. The outrageous injustice of it places it beyond the pale of rational discussion.

This letter proves—if any further proof were necessary—that Mr. Thomas has a person of too small caliber to successfully fill the position which he held. He and his associates were criticised by the people and the press—and justly criticised—because the association attempted to foist upon the State legislation which would have made confusion worse confounded, and would surely have materially retarded the growth of California, by striking a blow at one of its most important features, namely, the irrigation system. If Mr. Thomas had taken the people into his confidence, and sought the advice of water users rather than of water sellers, and had manifested a sincere desire to further the interests of the State rather than those of a small clique of selfish and grasping men, he would not have had cause to complain of "attacks" on the part of the people and the press. Instead of that, he went into training with the Ellwood Mead crowd of State cessionists and cattle barons. Not only that, but he deliberately misrepresented facts, and showed bad faith, by promising the irrigationists that an objectionable clause in his proposed bill should be eliminated, which was not done.

In his letter of retirement Mr. Thomas "points with pride" to the passage of Assembly Bill No. 75. This bill appropriates \$60,000 for topographical surveys and forestry work, to which the Federal government will add a like amount. As a fact, this bill was passed in spite of the support of the Water and Forest Association. The fact that it had such support made many people suspicious of it.

As The Times has said, between now and the meeting of the next Legislature the irrigationists of California will get together, and after careful consideration outline some practicable plan for water legislation. It will, doubtless, as hitherto predicted in these columns, take the shape of a law permitting the irrigationists in each hydrographic basin to frame for themselves laws not in conflict with the Federal laws, just as is done by miners in the various mining districts, each of which has a recorder. In this great State, with its many varying conditions of water supply and distribution, it is manifestly impossible to frame a law that will be satisfactory, and just to all sections.

Meantime, now that the executive chairman of the California Water and Forest Association has, with more or less grace, retired to the rear, and sat down, The Times would again suggest that it would be a good thing for California if the association itself should emulate his example, and give up the ghost. It has been nothing but a disturbing element and a public nuisance ever since it started.

The lady who writes a letter to The Times calling for defense against the masher and loafers who follow and insult women on the street, has evidently not read her copy of this great religious daily with due care, nor has she discovered that action has been commenced by the powers that be to suppress the suppression of the cattle of that ilk. At the same time, she deserves the thanks of her sisters for calling renewed attention to this most miserable variety who stand upon the street corners, and in front of cigar stands, corners and roundabout places as they pass, and who make it their business to accost ladies who may happen to be belated in reaching their homes or apartments, having no rights that should be respected. The chain gang is their proper sphere, and if they should be successful in getting their deserts, they will be made to stand fast in the exercise and the defense of their rights as an American citizen.

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serve these laws, through their rigid enforcement, that they are inadequate to the accomplishment of the ends sought. Congress and the various State Legislatures will in due time, no doubt, enact other laws to meet cases and conditions as they may arise. Meanwhile, as a broad general proposition, the courts may be depended upon to interpret and enforce the laws in such manner as to protect and conserve the interests of all classes of the people. There are exceptions to the rule, as a matter of course, for judges are human, and not all laws which they are called upon to enforce are good laws. But if the laws are evil, the remedy rests with the people themselves, who are the source of all authority upon which laws are made and judges chosen. The fact should never be forgotten nor underestimated that the people are supreme, and that the government, good or bad, is but the creature and the instrument of their will.

M. THOMAS "HAS WENT."

A dispatch from San Francisco, published in The Times of Friday, announced that William Thomas had resigned his position as vice-president and chairman of the Executive Committee of the California Water and Forest Association. He sent his resignation in a communication which shows very clearly that he is feeling quite sore. It abounds in wry attempts at humor and flings at the public and the press, from whom he says he has received "the most insidious letters and read the most insidious circulars and editorials."

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If the new league Los Angeles team can play the game of baseball like the bunch of swatters on the south side of the street, and both teams keep it up, this old town is going to be the proudest municipality, at the end of the season that ever happened.

It is probably just as well to settle the question now, at any other time, whether the builders of Los Angeles are going to run their own business, or whether the men they pay wages shall run the machine. Somebody must be boss of the works.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria recently engaged in a foot-washing exercise, but those reputations that we have been hearing considerable about late appear to be in their normal condition—more or less messy in appearance.

Mr. Keene has gone abroad because he needs a rest. It certainly must be tiring work to play some kind of an animal all the time. We forgot what animal James was playing last, but we are going to build a convention hall, let us not be small about it.

SONG OF THREE CENTS IN THE ANGELS' TOWN.

UNIVERSITY GLEE CLUB'S HIT ON GARLAND'S FRANCHISE.

Successful Season Closed Last Night With Concert that Pleased Audience of Fifteen Hundred—Fine Chorus and Solo Work.

When the sixteen members of the Glee Club of the University of Southern California marched out on the platform at Simpson (University) Auditorium last night, singing "On Gallant Company," by Becker, they captivated the audience of 1500 persons, assembled to listen to their program.

A stalwart body of typical collegians they were, and their singing detracted not a whit from their excellent appearance. For over two and one-half hours they treated their audience to an entertainment rich in fine chorus and solo work and bubbling over with fun.

The club has enjoyed a season of unparalleled success and last night's achievement was a fitting finale to a year of splendid work.

Every number was encored and on several occasions they were recalled a second time.

The chorus work of the club is remarkable for an organization of this kind, and the solo work of E. E. Beamer has been highly praised wherever the club has appeared. He was at his best and sang four solos, two being encores, and one the "Armorer Song," was added to the programme by request.

W. R. Guiberson and Charles Scott, the club readers and impersonators, made a big hit, each being twice recalled.

"Gau" was the second number on the programme, and it was so skillfully administered that the audience was won over before it would let the boys turn it off for the next number.

The solo, "The Sentinel Asleep," as sung by Mr. Beamer, was one of the most artistic numbers of the evening. He responded to the encore with "The Diver," "Mammy," "Lullaby," "Always," and "The Peacock," was rendered by Mr. Guiberson and the club.

Mr. Guiberson also scored another victory in his next number, which was a graphic reading of "Virginia."

The programme was closed with the "Hunting Song," by Becker, and continued until the flames were entirely subdued. One man was severely burned about the face and hands. The property loss is small.

It runs about as follows:

"There is a real estate man, in the town of the Angels. His name is Willie Garlan. In the Angels' town, he says that there will surely be Ten billion by two thousand A.D. in the Angels' town."

"Now, where do you think Willie will go? From the town of the Angels. If he doesn't stop his lying so About the Angels' town? Old Satan like to get from that town, the town of the Angels. In the elevator going down, Down from the Angels' town."

"They say that Willie represents the town of the Angels. A car-fare of about three cents, in the Angels' town. And if Senator Clark should come out here To the town of the Angels, He would build new car lines far and near."

"In the Angels' town; And they'd transfer to Garvanza, from the town of the Angels; And for three cents we could ride all day."

"In the Angels' town."

"It was fully three minutes before the applause which this original ditty created died away, and even then the faces of many were wreathed with smiles."

The transition from the humorous to the sublime was sudden, for the next number was "Given," a beautiful story of "Given," by C. H. Conner, a well-known author.

"Old King Cole" was followed by "Alma Mater," composed by E. E. Bradley, '99, which was the concluding number of the programme.

The audience was dismissed with a rousing college yell.

Snow is thirty feet deep at some points in Colorado. And still they talk about attracting tourists over in that country. Huh!

Uncle Sam is still struggling to build a post office in Los Angeles; and goodness knows we need it.

There is likely to be about as many different opinions regarding the new

one who is struck down from. And there we are, about in the same old place that we were before Mr. Watterson arose to his feet and offered his few remarks.

There is to be a round-trip rate of \$45 between the Missouri River and Los Angeles during the Presbyterian convention in this city. It looks as though we were going to have another big summer in this town the winter. When people can get to Los Angeles and back for less than \$50 they are bound to come. And when they get here a good many of them won't want to go back, at any price, and that isn't the worst of it—

Mr. Ogden Armour is said to be planning a wheat corner. Possibly Mr. Armour has forgotten that there was once a man in Chicago by the name of Jim Leiter. If he hasn't it might be the part of wisdom for him to hunt up the gentlemen and get a few pointers on what a corner can do to a fellow when it breaks over the banks and gets on the rampage.

Mr. Roosevelt prefers the word "spirit" to that of "expectorate." Really, there doesn't seem to be much sense in talking about use of seven letters, especially when everybody knows that the words mean the same thing. Simple words are always the better. A leg is no less a leg, if it be called a "limb."

Scientists may proclaim to the world that their lungs are sore that kissing is likely to communicate the grip, but they can't stop it. The kiss, and the place to put it, we have always with us, and the combination is forever at work. Out upon science when the lamps of love are lighted!

The fountain pen is an instrument that gives don't care when you don't want it to, and that doesn't give down when it ought to. Next to the telephone, the fountain pen has probably done more to break down Christianity in this country than any other one in this.

The defeat of the merger scheme in court will doubtless serve to postpone a little longer the operation of the railroads by the government, but should the scheme be found lawful by the Supreme Court it is likely to hasten things in that direction mighty fast.

If the new league Los Angeles team can play the game of baseball like the bunch of swatters on the south side of the street, and both teams keep it up, this old town is going to be the proudest municipality, at the end of the season that ever happened.

The bloom is on the foothills, and at this time tomorrow the color will be on the egg.

The lady who can keep her spring-style of hat on straight will be a wonder of her sex.

We are going to build a convention hall, let us not be small about it.

Yung Lu is a Manchu, and at the time of the beginning of the Boxer uprising was Viceroy of the province of Pei Chi Li and Generalissimo of the Chinese army. He was then said to be the most powerful man in China, his influence being greater than that of Li Hung Chang. Since the death of the latter, Yung Lu has more than once been represented as dictating the policy of the Dowager Empress and the Emperor.

The rapid rise of Yung Lu from a small military command to be Viceroy of Pei Chi Li and later to be one of the highest controllers of the Dowager Empress, did not go unnoticed. He obtained his post as Generalissimo of the Boxers, and the Dowager Empress urged him to take a rest instead, because the Emperor needed his service.

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Yung Lu was said to have been the real author of the anti-foreign outbreak in 1900. The Boxers, and their command, had been discredited of the troops which opposed the allies. This last fact was recalled by foreigners when in 1901, he was awarded the two-eyed peacock feather for protecting foreigners against the Boxers.

SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1903.

RELIGIOUS.
GOOD FRIDAY SERVICES
LARGELY ATTENDED.BURNING OF THE FIRE TODAY IN
CATHOLIC CHURCHES.MAGNETIC FLOWERS DECORATIONS AND
MUSIC PROGRAMMES TO CHARACTERIZE THE
EASTER SERVICES TOMORROW IN CHURCHES
OF EVERY DENOMINATION.

The attendance upon Good Friday services in the churches was unusually large yesterday. At St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church the services were conducted by Archdeacon Robinson, who preached upon the last words of the Savior. At the First Methodist Church the Holy Communion was celebrated and the address was by Dr. Dowling, and last night in the church the choir rendered the beloved cantata, "The Seven Last Words from the Cross." At St. John's Episcopal Church the attendance was especially large, and the services were of a solemn nature.

CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

Father Hartnett conducted the service at St. Vibiana's Cathedral, and the next services were held in all the Catholic Churches.

The service at 4:30 o'clock a mass was said at St. Vibiana's Cathedral, for the soul of Rev. J. J. Clifford, for the soul of the Society, of which he is the Pastor. The Society will attend the service.

Today is the Roman Catholic Easter. The interesting and solemn ceremonies of blessing the Paschal candle and the Easter Mass will begin at 10 o'clock, and will continue with a solemn high Mass which always burns in the altar is extinguished on Good Friday, and on the cross, and may it re-burn for the next year. Large crowds attended the Good Friday service in the downtown churches were filled people at their devotions. Elaborate programmes have been prepared for the Easter service. The study of Angels, it will also be the nature of a re-opening, as the day has been receiving extensive and alterations.

EASTER CEREMONIES.

PREPARE FOR TOMORROW. Religious preparations are being made in all the churches for Easter Sunday, and in some programmes of a more profuse character. For years flowers have not been so abundant at Easter time as they are this year, although always sufficiently abundant to create wonder in the persons who are accustomed to spending Easter in the West.

Episcopal Church will begin, with a sunrise communion at 6 o'clock in the morning; followed by a children's service at 11 a.m. and a

a service with addresses by

Rev. Dr. Ripley, the At-

chison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad; J. W. Kendrick of Chicago, third vice-president of the road; S. W. Van Cleave of Philadelphia, head of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, and E. J. Pearson of St. Paul, arrived at the Union Station yesterday.

George A. Rankin and J. R. Rein-

stein, attorneys of San Francisco, are staying at the Van Nus.

J. D. Campbell, head of a milling

concern in Columbus, O., is at the An-

gelus with his wife and daughter.

W. S. Wood, a San Francisco attorney, is registered at the Angelus.

Charles C. Van Lieu, principal of the State Normal School at Chico, is registered at the Van Nus.

Marine Notice.

It is reported that one of the can

buoys to the westward of East Brother

Island, San Francisco Bay, has gone

adrift—either Invincible Rock buoy or

Whiting Rock buoy. It will be re-

placed as practicable.

RUSSIA WILL RETIRE.

LONDON, April 10.—The correspond-

ent of the Times at Moscow telegraphs

that despite the strenuous opposition

of certain Russian ministers to the

total evacuation of Manchuria, he

urges the necessity of evacuation,

which has been definitely decided

shall be completed as stipulated.

YESTERDAY'S HOTEL ARRIVALS.

ANGELUS—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur R. En-

ton, child and nurse, Newport, R. I.; F. A.

Valentine, San Francisco; C. J. W. Enger,

Chicago; Mrs. L. L. Hodder, A.

Harland, Walter Marks and wife, Miss H. H.

Bauer, E. H. Wilson, W. O. Emerson,

New York; James Bradley, Jr., and wife, James

H. C. and Mrs. T. T. Husted, and wife,

Eugenia, Mich.; Carroll Cook and wife,

San Francisco; J. H. Rand, New York; J. J.

Fleming and family, Chicago; H. E. Davis

and wife, Chicago; Mrs. Master, Alfred

Davis, New York; Howard Childs, Melrose, Ia.

L. Thayer, Worcester, Mass.; D. H. Babb,

Lester, New York; Mrs. Frank, Mrs. Mrs. Flor-

ence Stokes and maid, Santa Barbara; David

Kaufman, wife and son, Salt Lake.

VAN NUYS BROADWAY—P. H. Parry and

wife, and son, San Francisco; Mrs. Mrs.

J. D. Campbell and daughter, Columbus, O.

Mrs. Fredrick Sims, Susie G. Sims, M. Ella

Tucker, Mrs. J. J. Maxwell, Mrs. Mrs.

Mrs. J. R. Jandy, Cleveland; Harry W. Bixby

and wife, Muslin, Wis.; John McLelland,

Chicago; H. G. Goudie, Denver; H. E.

Duluth, Minn.; E. J. Parker, Falls, Ky.

Moore, Kentucky; J. M. Underhill, Buffalo,

Kenosha, Wis.; J. S. Stier, Thomas N. Crean,

New York; C. L. Behn, London; A. Van

Chain, Philadelphia.

NADEAU—W. R. Spence, San Luis Obispo;

C. G. and

Liners.

PERSONAL—

PERSONAL—MANSFIELD. WORLD'S greatest clairvoyant, palmist. Advice upon all affairs; marriages, divorce, law suits, speculations, health, health; reunites the separated; solves evil difficulties. Address: Mansfield, 219 S. SPRING ST. Hours 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

PERSONAL—PARKER. PALMER. Life reading, business, lawsuits, removals, travel, mineral locations described, property, etc. Address: 219 S. SPRING.

PERSONAL—MRS. J. J. WHITNEY. TRANCE business medium and life reader. She is able to tell your past, present and future. Address: 219 S. SPRING ST.

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PERSONAL—MME. ORA. 311 S. SPRING. material card reader; latest news, etc.

PERSONAL—MRS. REYNOLDS. 71 S. SPRING. Grand Ave. Life reader no talk methods. 21

EDUCATIONAL—

Schools, Colleges, Private Tutors. ANDERSON'S DANCING SCHOOL—QUALITY and two-step, 25c private with music, beginning every Saturday, Sunday and Saturday evening. Address: 219 S. SPRING ST.

ASSAYING—NIGHT SCHOOL. NOW ON FOR short time. Enter at once to get full courses. Address: C. box 34, TIMES OFFICE.

ASTRONOMY. NAUTICAL ASTRONOMY, etc. taught practically. M. KERL, 2842 AVENUE.

DENTISTS—

And Dental Rooms.

COLLIER DENTAL CO. 101 S. Spring St. Palms extracting, filling, crowns, inlays, removable rubber plates. Pure gold fillings, 25c up; all other fillings, 15c up; cleaning teeth, 50c up; 25c gold crowns, 15c up; 25c gold inlays, 15c up; plates, 25c up; full set, \$200 up. Open even-ings and Sunday forenoons.

DR. FRANK STEVENS, 101 S. SPRING ST.

MACHINERY—

And Mechanical Arts.

FULTON ENGINE WORKS FOUNDERS and machinists. Co. Chaves and Ash sta.

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LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESSMAKING. reasonable prices. 402 EZRA ST. Boys' Height's car.

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Incubators and Poultry Supplies.

Henry Albers. 205 S. Main St. Tel. Main 881.

Bowling Allies.

200 South Hill Street.

Under new management. Ladies especially invited. Prices weekly for high scores.

WAREHOUSE.

Mort's Storage and Com's Warehouse. 201 San Fernando, R.R. P. O. Office.

Curios.

C. E. Wood. Indian and Mexican curios. 215 W. 4th.

Photographic Supply.

Bent & Co. 356 S. Broadway.

Photographing, Cal. views and photo supplies.

Plates.

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For sale or rent. Tuning, Repairing.

Watchmaker. Jeweler and Optician.

A. L. Apfel. 528 S. Spring St.

Old gold and silver bought or exchanged.

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Bob. D. Coates, Carpenter. 701 E. 21st St. Phone White 388.

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Office Hours—8 to 12; 2 to 6. Consultation free.

B B Self-Raising 20c Makakake Pancake Flour 10c

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the princely Prince Albert bearing this famous trade-mark

Alfred Benjamin & CO. MAKERS NEW YORK

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Finest shibets and vicunas, 3 buttons, roll collar, silk lapels, bell-like skirts. The price is right. We alone sell them here. BENJAMIN White and Fancy Waistcoats, too.

JAMES SMITH & CO. 137 SOUTH SPRING ST.



THE PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOING

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

A discussion of civil service provisions occupied the attention of the library board at the regular session yesterday.

All franchise hearings were postponed by the Board of Public Works.

The Melrose trial was continued yesterday on account of the illness of Earl Rogers, Esq., the principal counsel for the defense.

A poor case earning \$10 a week was sued for alimony yesterday, and the judge refused to grant it.

Young fellows accused of stealing tabacware from Hotel Angelus were arraigned in the Police Court.

Policeman Humphries came off with clean skirts in the Baraja case.

sure them of employment in the library," insisted Director Dockweiler. "If some girl from the East can step in here and take an examination at the last minute, and prevent the young lady from securing a position, there's little to stop young women to the training class."

"By allowing credits for experience the girls with home training can be given an advantage," declared Edelman, "but that is as far as we can go without doing something that is not exactly right and just—something not contemplated by the charter. Of course, the civil-service provisions can be nullified by adopting an unfair scheme of examination, but that would be a bad idea."

In the training class, who have the advantage of experience along the lines peculiar to this library, cannot excel those who have not the training, they are certainly unfit for permanent position," said Director Dockweiler. "The board has decided that there shall be no change of position involving an increase of salary, without an examination. In emergency cases, appointments may be made for sixty days with the consent of the Civil Service Commission, as has been done in the police and other departments, since January 23, last, when the civil-service regulations went into effect. If the scheme proposed by Mr. Dockweiler stands, it is in effect in the police department. The Police Commission would have power to place an ignoramus with only a month's experience in the position of captain or sergeant of police. I don't believe such a regulation can be made for the library."

After further discussion the board decided to ask the Civil Service Commission for five day attendants and seven substitute attendants and notices that applications for these positions will be given as soon as possible. The examination will probably take place on the 25th inst.

Owing to the action of the Police Commission in making promotions with regard to the Civil Service Commission, the members of the Civil Service Commission have a double significance. Until yesterday Mayor Snyder and Commissioner James Keeney maintained that the Civil Service Commission should be composed of heads of the departments of binding and stationery was also recommended.

Dockweiler thought the civil-service service would hamper the board in the administration of the library. He intimated that the library directors probably knew more about the qualifications of library attendants than the civil-service commissioners. When it came to making appointments, Dockweiler thought the library training class should have the best chance. He was fully convinced that the board should make all promotions from one grade to another.

To a greater or less degree the other members of the board shared the sentiments enunciated by Director Dockweiler.

The civil-service shoe was beginning to pinch.

Just then Commissioner Edelman of the civil-service board dropped in for the library chair and the directors of the library. Edelman is the chairman of the Civil Service Commission.

Edelman has a double significance. He would seem to be the police and fire commissioners, having power to appoint policemen and firemen without giving them a hearing, but all promotions and appointments must be made subject to the civil-service rules.

Several times the sections of the charter relating to the police and fire departments and the civil service have been reviewed in these columns. It would seem that the police and fire commissioners have power to appoint policemen and firemen without giving them a hearing, but all promotions and appointments must be made subject to the civil-service rules.

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THE CITY IN BRIEF

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Veterans and President.

The veterans of the Army and Navy Republican League purposed to actively assist in the reception of the President on his visit here. May 8 Plans will be laid at the regular meeting of the league tonight in their hall, No. 1235 South Spring street. Refreshments will be served.

Dislocated His Hip.

F. E. Eiser was severely injured while at work yesterday afternoon on South Broadway, between Sixth and Seventh streets. He was on the top of a ladder, when his foot slipped and he fell to the floor. His right hip was dislocated, and he sustained a number of severe bruises. The dislocation was reduced by Police Surgeon Smith.

Against Lowe Gas.

Resolutions opposing establishment of the Lowe or other gas plants in the Eighth Ward were passed by the choir of young citizens of the ward in U.B.R.E. Hall last night. Dennis Callahan, Nick Quirino, R. F. Sepulveda, M. C. Fordham and E. L. Hutchinson spoke against the Lowe concern. Clyde Taylor, and a dozen others strongly supported the new company.

Maxwell is Coming.

George H. Maxwell, chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Irrigation Association, who has been expected for several days, telephoned from a friend that he has been delayed, and will be in Los Angeles on Monday, to stay about a week. Mr. Maxwell has been meeting with good success in organizing the land owners of the Salt River Valley, for the purpose of getting about contributions that would enable the government to undertake the construction of the Tonto Basin reservoir.

Will Look at Hospital.

Octavius Morgan, president of the State Board of Architecture, goes Saturday night to San Francisco to attend the annual meeting of the board, which convenes Tuesday, April 14. The other members of the board from Southern California are Sumner P. Hunt, F. L. Roehrig, J. P. Krempel of this city, and Arthur Hebbard of San Diego. Mr. Morgan, while up north, will look into hospital construction in the interest of the county, he having been appointed consulting architect by the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles county.

Injured on the Iowa.

Fred Purrucker of Los Angeles, whose parents live at No. 465 Avenue 22, was one of the injured in the explosion of a big gun on the battleship Iowa Friday, while at target practice of the Florida coast. Word came yesterday that young Purrucker had one torn off and suffered a very serious injury to one eye. Purrucker enlisted in this city four and a half years ago, and made an excellent record, being advanced from apprentice to midshipman. His family would have expected next Christmas, but he had contemplated re-enlisting and devoting his life to the navy.

Charged With Robbery.

Juan Sanchez, Augustin Herrera and Lorenzo Baraja were arrested Monday by Deputy Constable Humphries for fighting on the street, and a small boy told the officer that Baraja's money had been taken by a man named Baraja. Baraja asserted that the Constable had taken his money from him when he made the arrest. All three of the prisoners were fined, and after they were placed in jail, the money which Baraja had taken was found on the persons of Sanchez and Herrera. They were accordingly charged with robbery, and will be arraigned on April 19.

Infringement Suit.

With reference to the suit brought by the Aeolian Company of Meriden, Ct., against Murray M. Harris, the Los Angeles organ builder, for alleged infringement of a patent secured in 1900, Mr. Harris states that the action relates to the automatic self-playing attachment used in his organs, for which patents were issued to his superintendent, V. B. Fleming, and to him three years later than the patent of the Aeolian Company, for whom Mr. Fleming formerly worked. There can be no infringement, Mr. Harris says, as he and his company are acting strictly within their own patent rights.

Parade and Knee Drill.

The local Salvation Army will inaugurate Easter Sunday and the annual week of self-denial by a grand street parade and knee drill. Leaving No. 101 San Pedro street at 7 o'clock Sunday morning, the Salvationists will march to the headquarters hall, No. 435 Spring street, where they will remain during the day, to be followed by a street parade, where a union meeting will be conducted by Maj. and Mrs. Connell. Special services will be held at each of the halls, afternoon and evening. Funds raised during the week of self-denial and prayer will be devoted to the home and foreign mission.

Sixth and Alvarado.

Stanford E. Goss, the owner of the Goss block on Broadway, and of various other valuable properties in this city, has just sold to local parties, through the Kennedy Realty Company, a lot on the northeast corner of Alvarado and Sixth streets, considerably reduced, \$7500. Goss, a Wright, the property about three years ago from J. F. Jenkins for \$4000. Rumor connects the names of Cowen & McMann with the purchase of this lot, and it is said that they intend to improve the property with a modern family hotel, which will cost between \$60,000 and \$70,000.

Is Welch the Man?

John Welch, a teamster, was arrested yesterday on a charge of battery, and, if he is convicted, he may be severely punished, for he is alleged to have committed a brutal and unprovoked assault upon a Chinaman, simply because the latter belonged to a union. The assault was committed in the bar at the National Hotel, near the Plaza, the victim being a Celestial named Peck. He was fixing an electric light, when he was assailed by a party of teamsters who objected to his doing work which they thought should be reserved for some union workman. The Chinaman was severely injured, and his assailant escaped. Welch arrested Welch on information given them by persons who had witnessed the assault. He will be tried today.

Too Much Dope.

B. W. Faust, aged about 40 years, about whom but little is known by the public, died at the receiving Hospital yesterday afternoon from the effects of an overdose of morphine. He roomed at a lodging-house at No. 6075 North Main street, and is supposed to have been a laborer. He was found unconscious in his room, and was sent to the Emergency Hospital on Ruth avenue, between Fifth and Sixth streets. The physicians there succeeded in reviving him sufficiently for him to tell them that he was taking the large dose of morphine, and had taken the large dose. Later he was removed to the Receiving Hospital, and shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon his heart failed, and he died. The body was removed to Pierres Bros' Undertaking establishment, where an inquest will be held, probably on Monday.

vestigation made by the deputy coroner satisfied that official that the case was not one of suicide.

Death Due to Accident.

The coroner held an inquest at Redondo yesterday over the body of John J. O'Brien, aged 30 years, who died there of injuries received the day before at Manhattan Beach. O'Brien had secured employment in the service of the Los Angeles and Redondo Railway Company, and on Saturday, at Manhattan Beach, he alighted from a car in a cut. In attempting to climb the side of the cut he slipped and fell. His head struck the side of the car and his skull was fractured. Death followed within less than twelve hours. The doctor of the Coroner's office said that death had resulted from accident. But little is known about the deceased. He had told his fellow-workmen that he was formerly in the United States Navy, but said nothing about his family. His wife, the body will be held in the hope that his relatives may be communicated with.

BREVITIES.

The choir of the First Presbyterian Church, which is composed of Mrs. J. N. Kirkpatrick, soprano, and director; Sibyl Conklin, contralto; Sheldon Balsinger, tenor; Forrest Carr, bass, and Amelia Brown, organist, will render special Easter services. William and Grand arias, go within one block of the church. Located at the corner of 29th street and Figueroa.

Rev. Dr. George Thomas Dowling will deliver an Easter sermon Sunday morning at 10 o'clock in Christ Protestant Church, 2110 Main street, between corner Pico (33rd street). "Through the Gates Into the City." Both University and Peleg Heights cars pass the door.

"The Wireless" (daily newspaper) published at Avalon, Santa Catalina Island, of which Mr. and Mrs. George F. Smith, owners, are the publishers, has been suspended.

Vincent M. E. Church, 29th and Main, will render services by Rev. George A. Howell, "Risen Christ," Evening Easter concert by the Sunday-school.

Miss V. A. Hunt, formerly of 555 S. Broadway, now at 621 S. Spring, is ready and open for business. Special today, 25 Easter hats.

For rent—Fine front suites on North Spring street for offices; good location, cheap rent. Address A. Wood, 500 Times Office.

H. A. Getz, fine tailoring, at moderate prices. 408 S. Broadway, under Chamber of Commerce.

25 per cent. off on Indian blankets, special sale on all curios. Wood, 515 W. Fourth.

Indian blankets, baskets, 25 per cent. off this week. Field & Cole, 249 Spring. Fine Cabinet photos reduced to \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, 236 S. Main. City Director, 1903, in press. Phone changes of address, Main 1357.

Hotel Southern, Main and Requena.

There is an undelivered telegram at the Postal Telegraph-Cable office for J. F. Tapley.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Paul Seabold, aged 78, and Mrs. Catherine Flues, aged 67, natives of Germany and residents of Los Angeles.

Alfred Johnson, aged 24, and Hedwig Ahlberg, aged 22; natives of Sweden and residents of Los Angeles.

George G. Parks, aged 45, a native of California, and Sylvia N. Beauchamp, aged 21, a native of Iowa; both residents of Los Angeles.

William McKay, aged 22, a native of Indiana, and Maude L. Jordan, aged 21, a native of Kansas; both residents of Los Angeles.

Joseph L. Wright, aged 25, and Sallie L. Wright, aged 19, both natives of Virginia and residents of Whittier.

George R. Batson, aged 30, a native of North Carolina, and Maude D. Stanley, aged 27, a native of Georgia; both residents of Los Angeles.

Robert F. Pitt, aged 22, a native of England, and Cricket Dotson, aged 29, a native of Indian Territory; both residents of Los Angeles.

Joseph L. Wright, aged 25, and Sallie L. Wright, aged 19, both natives of Virginia and residents of Whittier.

George R. Batson, aged 30, a native of North Carolina, and Maude D. Stanley, aged 27, a native of Georgia; both residents of Los Angeles.

Robert F. Pitt, aged 22, a native of England, and Cricket Dotson, aged 29, a native of Indian Territory; both residents of Los Angeles.

DEATH RECORD.

APPLE—Mrs. Nancy Elizabeth Apple, aged 50 years, wife of J. P. Apple, 618 West Temple, departed this life Wednesday, April 8, at 5 a.m. Death resulted from a fit of paralysis within six hours after the first attack. She was a lovable and devoted wife, the friend of all, and known to many. Funeral Saturday at 2:30 p.m. at the Seventh Day Adventist Church, No. 141 Carr street. Dr. D. C. Johnson, Amherst, April 10. Promon, Albert L., son of Edward and Leona O'Brien, aged 6 years 4 months and 2 days.

BEVER—Capt. George W. Bever, a prominent citizen and banker of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, died Saturday morning at his home, Ocean Park, Cal., at 1:30 o'clock. Wednesday morning April 8, 1903. Interment at Cedar Rapids.

HOIGER—April 8, at the home of his parents, No. 125 West Twenty-eighth street, of heart failure, was Mrs. Anna Hoiger. Alan B. oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Hoiger, aged 11 months.

JOHNSON—W. H. Johnson, 21, was found dead in his room on the morning of Friday, April 10. Mrs. Johnson, aged 27, his mother, beloved husband, was found dead in her room on Saturday, April 11, at 2 o'clock p.m. Funeral Saturday, April 12, at 2 o'clock p.m. at the home of his parents, 125 South Main street. Interment Rosedale. Friends invited.

Los Angeles Transfer Co.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. Office 411 W. Fifth st. Tel. M. 50 or 305.

OTT & HINES Co.

Funeral directors. Lady undertaker takes charge of all ladies and children. Tel. Main 500. No. 412 South Broadway. Phone Main 612.

W. H. Sutich.

Brosse Bros' Lady Undertaker

Has charge of all ladies and children. Broad- way and Sixth street. Tel. Main 265.

Robert Sharp & Son, Undertakers.

Lady assistant. Embalming a specialty. No. 609 and 613 South Spring street. Tel. Main 102.

Pierce Bros' & Co., Undertakers.

828 Flower. Tel. S. 127. Lady assistant.

Robert L. Garrett & Co., Undertakers.

909 N. Main. Tel. Main 75. Lady assistant.

Riedman, Meyer & Co., Undertakers.

106 South Main. Tel. W. 227. Lady assistant.

Scell's Patent Adjustable Form.

Adjusted to your own figure. Renders dress-making a pleasure instead of a wearisome trial. 216 South Hill. Tel. M. 51. Lady assistant.

Unique Dye Works, 460 S. Main.

Cleaning and dying. Ring up James 2801.

IVERS & POND pianos at Williamson's.

Standard Sewing Machine, 235 S. Spring. Williamson's. Tel. James 2708.

SHONINGER pianos, 227 S. Main. Williamson's.

Art Sheep Skins to Burn.

Decorative work, all colors, 25 cents each. Japan Saddlery Co., 114 S. Main st.

If You Want to Go East C. Haydock.

Agent Illinois Central R.R. 124 South Spring.

BEHR pianos, Williamson's, 227 S. Spring.

You can hold over the same type with perfect ease and no eye strain, if you wear a pair of Goggles.

EVES EXAMINED FREE
With Best Lenses. \$3.00

Geneva Watch
& Optical Co.
305 South Broadway

ORDER YOUR
Easter Wines Today
OUR EASTER SPECIAL
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WINE CO.
220 W. Fourth St. Telephone Main 812

I. Magnin & Co.
281 South Broadway

For Easter

Women's Waists ready to put on. Of silk, wash silk, linen, lawn, organdy and beautiful all-over lace in patterns. The most charming of French styles, and every one exclusive with us. When you buy at other stores you do not get exclusive styles. Also white or gray dresses trimmed with lace.

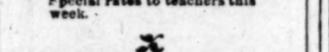
For Girls

Easter Hats, Easter Dresses. Easter Wraps. No such display made any place else in town today. Bring your daughter in and we will fit her with a beautiful Easter dress ready to wear.

PICTURES
FOR
SCHOOLS

most artistic wall hangings by Landseer and Ross Bonhoun. Reproductions of ART STUDIES

and Landseer's anatomy. Special rates to teachers this week.



SANBORN, VAIL & CO.
357 SO. BROADWAY

While You're Gittin', Git the Best!
If you're "Gittin'" a mowing machine the best is an.....

ADRIANCE BUCKEYE MOWER

They are the highest draft, the Scythe runs at very high speed, and its work is most perfect. The parts are made interchangable and of the most durable material for the purpose.

BAKER & HAMILTON

Wholesale and Retail

180-182 NORTH LOS ANGELES ST.

French Plumetis,

A new Wash Silk made on hand looms in a province of France.

NECKWEAR
for Ladies,

White and colors—absolutely fast and very light weight.

Machin Shirt Co.,

High Grade Shirt Makers
124 SOUTH SPRING ST.

No cold can stay when Carter's Cold Capsules are used. Carter's make colds disappear in one day. 25 cents.

BOWDISH & NOYES, Third and Broadway.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

FROM \$17.50 UP.

EISNER & CO., TAILORS

120

Reliable Goods. Popular Prices. N. B. BLACKSTONE CO., Telephone DRY GOODS Main 259 Spring and Third Sts.

Easter Styles

The assortments we have gathered for this Easter Festival surpass in volume, in variety of style and attractiveness any showing we have previously made. Stocks have been greatly reinforced to keep complete the lines till the end of this week. Many exclusive novelties at especially attractive prices are down today in

Fancy Ribbons For Hair and Corsage Bows, dress and millinery trimmings; beautiful spring colorings. Gloves Kid and Fabric Gloves for Easter Sunday wear in all the latest novelties; every popular coloring.

Novelties "Onyx" stockings in new weaves and color combinations, novel designs and effects.

Stocks Fancy Stocks, Turnovers and Sets in silk or washable materials, beautiful creations for the neck.

Handkerchiefs Dainty ideas in fancy embroidery and lace handkerchiefs; complete assortments.

Vasos In light or dark colors, fancy etamines with colored linings; plain changeable effects.

Ready-to-wear Waists Of silk or wash materials.

Waists, Coats and Suits Of cloth or silk.

A touch here and there of something new, something light and spring-like will work wonders with the Easter morning costume.



Steinway piano is a finality—from which there is no appeal: Own a Steinway, and there is nothing to be desired, nothing more to say.

Mention "Steinway"—and the name is immediately placed in juxtaposition to a piano—to a musical instrument of the highest attainment—or to musical art.

The Steinway firm had the difficulties of path-breaking—and its measure of success is the greatest tribute to America's industrial history.

Geo. J. Birkel Co.
Agents for the C. Julian Piano Player.

345-347 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

Great Pains

are taken in the selection of the very choicest beans that are used in the manufacture of.

Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate.

Modern methods, rare skill and the purest products give Ghirardelli's a superiority over other cocoa preparations.

It is a wonderful aid in keeping people healthy. Always fresh in hermetically sealed cans used only by Ghirardelli.

An ABC Trading Book that will delight the consumer. D. GHIRARDELLI CO. San Francisco.

Brent's Ask for an explanation of our credit system. Your neighbors are interested, it can help you also.

Whitney-Woodling Trunk Company
345 SOUTH SPRING.

Lightweight Trunks Distinct Styles, Imported Novelties

STER HATS Distinct Styles, Imported Novelties

VIENNA MILLINERY, 349 South Broadway.

WHOLESALE HAY

L. A. HAY STORAGE CO., 335 Central Ave., Phone M. 1596

Los Angeles Daily Times

SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1903.

IN TWO PARTS.

Part II—8 Pages.

PRICE 3 CENTS

Y. M. C. A. HAS SOLD BLOCK.

Big Deal Was Accomplished Yesterday Afternoon.

The Property Will Be Improved By Loan and Trust Company.

Association Will Build New and Up-to-Date Home at Once.

UNION-LABOR DESPERATION.

General Strike is Ordered on "Unfair" Jobs.

Attempt to Force Discharge of All Non-Union Men.

Agitator Threatens Bloodshed—Contractors Prepared to Withstand Demands.

Eager for the struggle for "recognition" of union-labor organizations, which had been planned for May 1, the Building Trades Council yesterday ordered strikes on all jobs in Los Angeles where non-union and union men have been employed side by side, and at 5 o'clock last evening it was estimated by a union man, that 500 men had left their positions. It is expected that the strike will spread today and that probably 300 additional members of unions will refuse to go to work where employment is given to non-union men. These estimates are considered high, however, by some contractors, who say the total will not exceed 500 men.

With unionization this job or there will be bloodshed.

This announcement was made yesterday by a walking delegate who had made an unsuccessful attempt to prevent non-union men from going to work on the Bryson building, and he fortified his statement by showing an order that had been issued by the Building Trades Council, calling on all union men to leave jobs where non-union men are employed.

With 1000 men on strike, the central organization of labor unions hopes to force the discharge of all non-union men and thus to unionize jobs that heretofore have been open to all workers with the discrimination of their affiliations. Falling in this attempt, it is said the general strike of all union men will be called May 1, as had been contemplated, in which event the Building Trades extracts several thousand men, lay down their tools and enter into a protracted struggle for control of the labor market.

WIREMEN FORCE STRIKE.

The present strike is due to the independent stand taken by contractors in the conduct of their business, and was precipitated by the strike of union wiremen last week, when 125 men left their positions because they were not satisfied with a set of working rules prepared by their employers. The strike of the wiremen practically was lost when it began, owing to the fact that the members of the wiremen's local formed an association for mutual protection, and were prepared to continue business without the aid of union men. Non-union wiremen were sent out on various jobs where union members of the wiremen's local were working, and these jobs the walking delegates of the Building Trades Council ordered men leaving the "totem" to leave work.

The lack of unanimity with which these others work need not interfere with the general intention of all contractors to proceed with non-union forces, brought the matter up at a meeting of the Building Trades Council Thursday night, and Walter Gillary, "business agent" of the Council, was ordered to issue the following notice to contractors:

"All union men who are working on jobs in this city with men who do not carry B.T.C. (Building Trades Council) cards, are requested to lay down their tools and leave the job immediately. By order of B.T.C."

This order was spread industriously yesterday by numerous walking delegates and was obeyed quite generally by men who wear the union collar—reluctantly in many instances, however, as the number of men in the unions have their hearts in their work rather than in following the whims of agitators, and they disliked to leave positions where conditions were acceptable to them, even when today the agitators will continue to send them among men on outlying jobs, and by tonight it is expected that notice will have been served on all men affected.

EXTENT OF MOVEMENT.

As a matter of fact, few important jobs are included in the strike order, owing to the preparation which con-

tractors had made for just such an event. The two most important building operations in the business center—the Johnson building at Fourth and Broadway, and the Bryson building at Spring and Second streets—are being carried on by non-union men. Many other operations, however, are in prospect, including the Chamber of Commerce building, the Hellman building at Fourth and Spring streets, the Union Trust building on an opposite corner, and the Huntington building at Sixth and Main. Much work at these places has not reached a stage where the question is involved.

The majority of jobs affected are on residences and small business blocks throughout the city, on each of which there are from 10 to 20 men employed with non-union workmen. Jobs are not affected wherein union or non-union men are employed exclusively, so that the strike is not so far-reaching as might be thought at first blush.

Seventeen union carpenters employed by Contractors Smith & Wilson in the construction of the grand stand at the grounds of the Pacific National Building League, corner Grand and Western Washington streets, obeyed the strike order, thereby violating an agreement made two weeks ago, whereby the men were to remain at work under a non-union foreman. Mr. Wilson stated yesterday that he determined to go ahead with the work when the strike was over, and today a crew of twenty-four non-union men, who had been engaged in the event of an emergency, will complete the job.

BRYSON BLOCK SITUATION.

A curious condition prevails at the Bryson block, where a force of non-union men is at work under a union foreman. Members of the Carpenters' Union struck at that place Tuesday because non-union wiremen were engaged in stringing electric circuits.

On the same day, however, the Bryson building, immediately after the strike, was occupied by a force of non-union men, who had been engaged in the work indefinitely rather than employ another union man, and Contractor Redman was instructed to recruit an independent crew. At a meeting of the carpenters Thursday night they decided to return to work and were paid to do so yesterday evening, when the wiremen were served on them by the walking delegate of the Building Trades Council. The carpenters therefore refrained from taking up their tools and employment was given to them.

Ever since the declaration of hostility at the Bryson building the place has been beset by agitators bent on keeping men from going to work. In two or three instances, members of this gang have been handled with gloves by Joe Bryson, son of the owner. Whenever Mr. Bryson has found a pestering agitator in the building he has thrown the man out using force when necessary.

BLOODSHED THREATENED.

One loud-mouthed breeder of discord yesterday announced to Contractor Redman that "we will unionize this job or there will be bloodshed."

Whether or not this represents the feelings of union men generally is not clear, as the intentions of the agitators to stir their dunces to a frenzy.

Leaders of the trouble are derelict because of the many failures that have attended their attempts to dictate the manner in which contractors shall conduct their affairs, and those with anarchistic inclinations are willing to incite riot in a last effort to gain their points.

At the headquarters of the Builders' Exchange there is evidence of assurance that the general contractors of the city do not fear an action that may be taken by labor organizations. The principal contractors are members of the Master Builders' Association and are banded closely for mutual protection, and employers of men in the various trades have labor organizations, notable among which are the Master Plumbers' Association, the Electrical Contractors' Association and the Master Sheet-metal Workers' Association. Strikers growl on among electricians, plumbers, and theatrical workers, but the employers, through their organizations, have won out in every instance, and non-union men are employed in the principal shops in all their trades.

A sharp thorn in the side of the Building Trades Council is the fact that union bricklayers will not join the council and assist in the farcical fight for "recognition." Members of the bricklayers' Union have worked willingly for every job in the city, union or non-union. They are contented with their wages and are glad to be free from the annoyances caused by men of the Gray-Biddle-Hay stripe.

All attempts to induce these contented men to join the strike have been futile, and have only intensified the chagrin of the agitators.

EXTENT OF MOVEMENT.

As a matter of fact, few important jobs are included in the strike order, owing to the preparation which con-

SHORT THUMB, LONG FINGER.

Queer Identification of Big Highway Robber.

Ventured into Court to Testify for His Companion.

Victim and Deputy Sheriff Spotted Him by Peculiarities of Hand.

destroy the Monroe doctrine while pretending to uphold it."

After detailing their belief that Ireland's demand for nationhood is approved by the American people, and that the will never have been attainable for any half measure or for tardy redress of grievances, they declare that "The race at home and abroad must steadily prepare for the opportunity (and make it, if they can) to blow the Monroe doctrine wide open Ireland a nation among nations."

Another enthusiastic meeting of the Knights was held last night, and they purpose proclaiming their position and making the movement one that will count much for Irish nationalization. "Eirinn shainte Gael go bragh."

PRESIDENT RIPLEY IN LOS ANGELES.

HEAD OF SANTA FE ROAD WITH US ONCE AGAIN.

Southern California Golf Links Have Great Attraction for the Magnate—His Coming Adds to Gaiety of Steam-Electric Railway War.

President E. P. Ripley of the Santa Fe Railroad is in town. He arrived at the Van Nuys Hotel yesterday, direct from Chicago. Ordinarily the coming of President Ripley to Southern California creates no surprise, for he is very popular in the southern California climate, and his finding the golf links about very attractive.

Mr. Ripley dotes on the ancient and honorable game. Although an exceedingly industrious and hard-headed Yankee business man, "Magnate Ripley keeps up an intimate acquaintance with Col. Bogey, and he likes to steal away from business cares a few hours each day to knock the gutta-percha ball over a ten-acre field as well as an amateur.

After spending a good part of the winter on the links at Santa Barbara, Mr. Ripley is with us once again. Obviously he has returned to California to attend the wedding of his son, John Doe, who is to be married this Saturday.

The wedding of John Doe has been a source of much pleasure to the Ripley family, and the happy event, though it was not to be expected that he should be so popular, has been a great attraction.

Mr. Ripley has been a good sport, and seems to be in excellent condition, though he is not a young man. He is a good host, and his wife is a good hostess.

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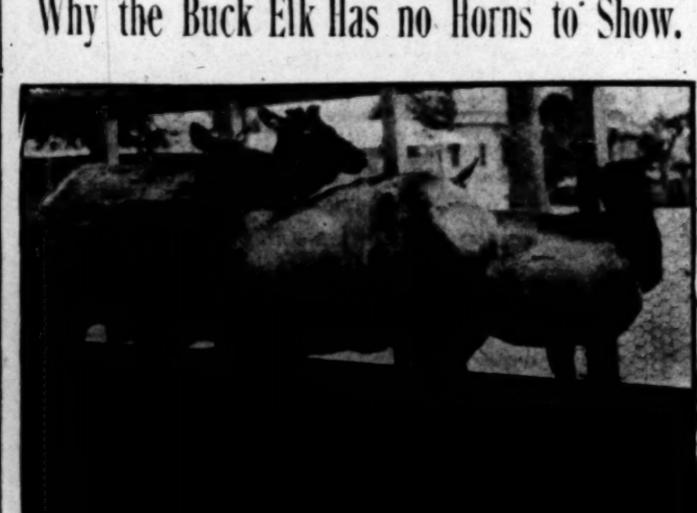
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Why the Buck Elk Has no Horns to Show.



Five elk arrived at Chutes Park yesterday, and were encased in the snow. They were shipped from the northern part of the State of Washington a month ago, and were most of the time on the water. Despite the long and arduous journey in the hold of a ship and in cattle cars, they are all in first-class condition.

This is the first time that elk have been shown south of San Francisco, and, of course, their exhibition here is an experiment. The summer months will decide, no doubt, whether they can endure the Southern California climate.

There are in the band one buck and four cows, all of them young. The buck, which is fifteen hands high, will grow six inches before he has reached maturity, and the cows are capable of

great growth. They are all tame, although they have been in captivity less than two months.

It will be noticed that the buck, which is in the background, is lackluster and whitish, while the others are such pictures and admirable additions to the geographies of one of the noblest four-footed animals of North America. This particular elk, like others of his kind, shed his antlers last fall, and in a few months will have a pair that will look up like the branches of a gnarled oak.

The animal expert at the Chutes zoo says that he is going to hitch the two antlerless cows up, as they do in Alaska, and train them to pull a sled. The scheme may be a money-maker, also.

Mr. Musselwhite is a student, and after visiting the house of a friend in the extreme southern portion of the city, was returning home. He was riding north on Figueroa street at a slow speed when suddenly two men sprang from the curb, grasped his wheel, and

the handbars and demanded his money.

BANK ROBBER TO GO FREE.

John Carroll Identified, But Cannot Be Convicted.

New York Prisoner Jack Stewart, of Tunneling Gang.

Death of Important Witness at Denver Prevents Successful Prosecution Now.

Information received by Chief Elton yesterday from New York has convinced him that the man who after his arrest there gave the name of John Carroll is none other than Jack Stewart, one of the men implicated in the attempt made in 1896 to rob the vault of the First National Bank by tunneling under the building. Almost at the same hour that this information was received, a telegram came from Denver which put an end to all hope of successfully prosecuting that professional crook.

The Denver wire was to the effect that the one man whose evidence would be required to secure a conviction, died in Denver within the past year. It was therefore necessary for Chief Elton to advise the New York authorities that, owing to the death of this witness and the inability of the police department here to secure a conviction, it would be useless to attempt to extradite Carroll, alias Stewart, and unless something is held against him in New York he will have to be released.

The Los Angeles officers had been in communication with the New York officers for several days about this case. A complete description of the man wanted was wired to New York, and the answer came back that the prisoner there answered that description perfectly. For a time the local officers thought they would be able to land the leader of the bank-robbing gang in Los Angeles, and they then began trying to locate the witness.

The whereabouts of Fred L. Jones, who by turning State's evidence saved himself and his co-conspirator, J. J. McCarty, to San Quentin ten years ago, was known to the officers here and they could have him here at any time. He is now in Portland, Or., and, strange to say, has been under police surveillance there for some time, but in what connection is not known. He was in San Quentin record before he entered into the conspiracy with McCarty, Stewart and Stevens to rob the bank here, and since that time it is not known that he has been in touch with anyone. His evidence would be needed if Carroll, alias Stewart, were brought back to Los Angeles for trial, but the other main witness being dead it would be necessary to testify Carroll on the unsupported testimony of Jones, who was an acknowledged co-conspirator and accomplice. The law expressly provides that a man shall not be convicted upon the unsupported testimony of an accomplice.

The two laborers who really dug most of the tunnel under the vault of the bank can be had at any time, but they knew nothing of Stewart having been implicated in the crime. He was a silent witness, and did not show himself much. He is the man who made the special tools made with which the tunnel was dug, and the man from whom the tools were bought was the man whose death in Denver precludes the possibility of successfully prosecuting Carroll, alias Stewart.

That fortunate crook will be closely watched from now on in certain circles. The First National Bank is a member of the American Bankers' Association, and it is in the interest of association to follow a crook who attempts to rob a bank until he dies or is placed in a penitentiary. Even after the terms of such crooks have been served out, they are still followed, and the Pinkerton detectives know where they are, what company they are keeping and how they are making their living. This rule also applies to express companies, and now that it is known that Carroll and Stewart are one and the same man, he will be kept under the eye of the Pinkertons and will be given little opportunity to ply his criminal trade without detection.

AUNT CYNTHIA'S EASTER.

By FRANK E. SWEET.

A NEW minister had come to slow-moving, out-of-the-way Spruce Hill, and with his coming had appeared a spirit of change and improvement. He was fresh from his theological course, and eager with youth and love for the work. Hitherto the church had been to Spruce Hill a place of solemnity, only to be visited at required intervals and as a duty; now, under the ministrations of this young pastor, it gradually came to that that but could be approached from many directions, and not all of them were necessarily thorny or narrow.

Among other innovations was the tasteful service and church decoration. The new minister made the announcement one Thursday evening, after prayer-meeting, and added that he hoped all would be present, and that the ladies of the church would arrange for a tasteful and appropriate decoration.

After service the women stood about irresolutely, looking at each other with blank, questioning faces.

"I guess you'll have to excuse me, dr. Kent," one of them said at last, "but I ain't got any flowers, an' I don't know anything about lacinating."

"Nor me," "Nor me," "Nor me," came in rapid succession and in evident relief from the other women.

"Tant time yet for flowers to bloom."

"Can't we find a few calla and canteen lilies and narcissus, and perhaps some other white flowers?" asked the minister, with less confidence in his voice.

"All the houses in the neighborhood can't scare up white posies enough for a buttonhole bouquet," declared one woman, aggressively. "As for Easter lilies, I never seen any. I ain't even heard of. The idea o' decoratin' a whole church this time o' year!"

"I've heard Mis' Bray speak o' narcissus," said a woman, reflectively. "She that was the minister's wife, I mean. All 'em to this, she's likely master hand at this decoratin' business. She had spoke o' seein' big city churches filled with flowers."

"Who is Mrs. Bray?" asked the minister quickly. "Please she can help us with that. Curious, I have not heard of her before."

"Oh, I don't know," dryly, "folks ort o' die away from the world after they go into the poorhouse. Mis' Bray's husband was for gettin' on, so he went o' the city an' learned the florist's

trade. For a time he done well; then his business broke an' he died. An' his wife come back here an' lived up what little she had. After that, there was nothing but the poorhouse."

"Well, we will find her," eagerly. "Will you go with me, Mrs. Perry?"

"Why, yes; I don't mind if I do. Cynthia Bray was as much of a lady as any lady I know."

The next afternoon the minister's buckboard stopped in front of the poorhouse, and he and Mrs. Perry alighted. Several men and boys were slouching about the yard, and on a bench near the door sat a very old woman. Mrs. Perry looked at her over critically. "Not there," she declared, concisely. "Cynthia wouldn't grow to look like that. We'll go in."

In answer to their knock, a hard-featured man came to the door.

"Mis' Bray?" she repeated. "Oh, Aunt Cynthia, as we call her, is a good worker, we keep her in the kitchen. I don't suppose she's had a visitor about five years. Won't you come in?"

The next entered. Five minutes passed, then a little old woman, with a deprecatory manner, stole softly into the room.

"Did you wish to see me?" she asked, tremulously.

Mrs. Perry sprang forward in quick forgetfulness of the immeasurable distance which lay between her social position and the poorhouse.

"Why, you look poor soul!" she cried sympathetically. "How old you've grown! My hair ain't begun to turn yet, an' here you're perfectly white."

"It's been a long time since you and I were young," she said, gently. Then she colored with sudden remembrance and drew herself up stiffly.

"Is there anything I can do for you?" she asked.

"Come, Cynthia, don't talk that way!" remonstrated Mrs. Perry. "You know farmers' wives are always workin', an'—it's—good piece of workin' place to the—"

"Poorhouse," said the old woman calmly.

"Well, yes, poorhouse," deprecatingly. "But never mind all that. I've brought the minister."

"I think I've had the pleasure of meeting Mrs. Perry before," said the minister, rising, "and yet I've called her several times."

"No, we haven't met," acquiesced the old woman. "I generally stay in the kitchen."

"I must acknowledge this visit is mostly a business one, Mrs. Bray," he said, resuming his seat. "You see, I am planning to have the church decorated for Easter; but the ladies of my congregation assure me that such a thing is utterly impossible. I have come to you as a last resort. Can you help me?"

The old woman looked from one to the other with a sudden yearning in her eyes. Then a soft flush began to stain her cheeks.

"It isn't easy to decorate without anything to decorate with," she said, tremulously. "In the city we used to have palms and Easter lilies, and no one seems and delicate things to hand with."

"But there are the woods," suggested the minister, desperately. "I notice lots of pretty things on my walk."

"Yes, the woods are beautiful around here every day. I notice them from the kitchen window, and sometimes anyone, even I, take short walks."

Her hands were still trembling, but into her face was coming an expression which Mrs. Perry remembered well. "I have come to her old ways before the long, suffling experience of poorhouse servitude."

"Do you mean for me to take charge of the decorating?" she asked.

"Yes; but, of course, with plenty of help."

He turned hastily and glanced through the window. Something rapturous in the expression on the old woman's face made him lose command of himself for a moment.

"Well, I shall need help in gathering decorations," he was saying as he turned back. "There will be things to cut and bring home, and boxes and boards to build up for the banking."

"There are some bushes along the edge that I can pick up," he said, "much like palms at a little distance, and that dark moss below the ledge will make a beautiful bank on which we can arrange the early white flowers, which are beginning to bloom on the hillsides. But there are the woods, which are beginning to bloom on the hillsides."

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San Bernardino, Riverside and Orange Counties.

[NEWS REPORTS FROM TIMES CORRESPONDENTS]

WHAT PROHIBITION DOES TOLD IN SANTA ANA.

RIVERSIDE MEN TESTIFY TO ITS GREAT BENEFITS THERE.

SALOONISTS CLAIM A SMALL MAJORITY IN NEXT MONDAY'S ELECTION, WHILE THE OTHER SIDE EXPECTS TO WIN BY STRONG VOTE—DEEP INTEREST.

SANTA ANA. April 10.—George Frost and John G. North of Riverside addressed the anti-saloon rally in Spurgeon's Hall last night, upon the experience of Riverside with prohibition. They testified that no single thing contributed so much to the advancement and prosperity of Riverside as the abolition of the open saloon, and nothing else did so much to influence a better class of home-seekers to settle there, and to build up the town. They maintained that while some liquor is sold under the prohibition ordinance, the quantity is far less than under the reign of the saloon, and that all sold now has to be dispensed "on the sly" and in evasion of law. Mr. North spoke especially of the savings bank deposits in Riverside, as compared with those of San Bernardino, showing that his home town, with no saloons, has several times the amount of such money as the neighboring city with its sixteen saloons. Especial emphasis was laid on the fact that the business men of Riverside, after nine years' experience of the prohibition policy, would not revert to the saloon. The Congregational and Methodist Episcopal churches of Buena Park will give an entertainment at the school hall the 23rd inst., assisted by Los Angeles talent.

Mr. Roy, a Los Angeles capitalist, has purchased 100 acres south of Mr. Ray's place at Katella and will set it to walnuts. He said that the small, a thirty-horse-power pumping station and plant the tract to Lime beans and alfalfa this season.

John Johnson has returned from the Dale mining district, where he has located a copper claim that looks good. He had been in the Dale district for a year, and reports more development there now than ever before, one of the enterprises on foot being a water twenty miles to the district.

Senator Jones, while stepping into his buggy, was overcome by a slight attack of appendicitis, which forced him to lie down. He is rapidly recovering. Hollingsworth of Lincoln, Neb., has purchased the Burton property on Philadelphia street through the agency of Hatfield & Stock. He is a man of considerable means and will reside in Los Angeles.

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SAN BERNARDINO.

BREVITIES OF NEWS.

SAN BERNARDINO. April 10.—A committee, consisting of W. S. Hooper, J. B. Gill and F. W. Dunn, representing the Board of Trade, visited General Manager Wells of the Santa Fe today to present him with some samples of San Bernardino water and advance arguments why the railroad company's proposed new hospital should be located in this city. If Mr. Wells shows any inclination to locate the hospital here the committee is empowered to offer half a dozen suitable sites, and anything else reasonable that may be asked for.

Dist.-Atty. Sprecher says that the trial of William Boxall, who is charged with attempting to kill his uncle, C. R. Lloyd, and of Fred Lloyd and Horace Little, charged with conspiracy in the shooting, will be commenced just as soon as the injured capitalist is able to stand the strain. Lloyd has almost recovered from the effect of the bullet wounds inflicted at the hands of his nephew, Boxall, and in all probability, the cases will soon get into court.

The alleged Manuel "sensation" has died a-borning. A fracas between two women at this remote desert town has kept the space writers for the yellow papers going full tilt in the past week, instead of being murdered or fatally injured, is going to get well; there is to be no prosecution, either by the county or the alleged injured parties, and W. F. Blake will continue to act as Justice of the Peace at Manvel.

The new Chamber of Commerce room in the Main-street wing of the Glenwood is already partially fitted up, and an attractive exhibit will be installed as rapidly as practicable.

Since "A crust is better than no bread," a small advertisement in The Times brings in more business than no advertisement at all. Telephone your wants to 216-661 and our Riverine California, showing that the saloon policy invariably is attended with lesser growth in population and financial prosperity. He urged electors on their best business interests to vote "No" to the amendment against the continuance of the saloon.

There is a deep undercurrent of interest among all classes of citizens over the probable results of the election. The saloon faction still claims victory by a small majority, but the conservative and anti-saloon forces are anti-saloonists a safe plurality, while in some wards it is estimated that the vote will go 2 to 1 for prohibition. With the probability of success in the election the saloons are making every effort to pile up a large majority in order to make the victory more decisive, and the prohibition laws easier to enforce when issued.

In the three wards—the Second, fourth and Fifth—where new trustees are to be elected, a quiet struggle is taking place between the saloon and anti-saloon forces. In each and two rival candidates have appeared. George E. Wright and W. S. Whitney are the saloonists, and C. B. Black and C. Wright and George Riley are the anti-saloonists. Of these candidates, George Wright, Black and C. E. Wright are the supporters of the anti-saloon party, and the anti-saloon amendment as they will carry out the will of people, in regard to the saloon, as present in the election. The other two have made no statement of their attitude, and are therefore understood to support the outgoing faction. There will be a sharp contest for saloon between George Maxwell, incumbent, and George E. Robinson, and a struggle is expected over the trusteeship, for which Hiram D. Smith and R. Chilton direct are the candidates. For Clark and Attorney, the incumbents, Ed Bedford and W. F. Heathman, respectively, are the only candidates, and will be no contest in the election. The other members of the board of Education, for which John Anderson, R. L. Freeman and Maxin are slated.

Of the three candidates for City Recorder—J. A. Martin, C. M. Nash and C. E. Wright, the last is the strongest in the anti-saloon forces, and will make a fight for the office, the Recorder depends in a large measure the effectual enforcement of the law.

NEWS SNAPSHOTS. J. W. McPherson died at his home today at the age of 71 years. His funeral will be held tomorrow at 10 o'clock at the residence and interment made in the Santa Ana Cemetery. Dennis was a prominent resident of the community.

Moses N. Downing is here to conduct a quarterly meeting services today at the Free Methodist church.

Arriving license was issued today H. Martin, aged 25, a resident of Santa Ana, and Maud S. Young, aged 23, of Westminster.

Sufficient rain fell here this morning to lay the dust, and the rain, Mrs. Dennis Holden and daughter tipped from their buggy yesterday by a collision with a Wells-Fargo delivery wagon. No injury was sustained.

Mrs. Fannie Flack died here yesterday, aged 24 years.

Probate conference of Riverside elected Rev. Mr. Giffen and Elder Craig of Redlands as commissioners to the general assembly, which will make a fight for the office, the Recorder depends in a large measure the effectual enforcement of the law.

SAFETY. The times that try men's souls come only when they have neglected to advertise in The Times. Telephone your wants to Red 414, and our San Bernardino Agency will take your ad. and send it to the main office.

REDLANDS.

NEWS BREVITIES.

REDLANDS. April 10.—L. J. Burdick, a youthful inventor, is spending some time in Redlands. He has taken quarters at the Hotel Los Angeles and is slowly recovering from ptomaine poisoning contracted while on a hunting trip in Canada last winter. Cyclometers for bicycles, machine counters and serial registers are among the ingenious devices which Burdick brought to light, and he has invented many other valuable mechanical devices which are bringing him money and a name.

Among the interesting relics in the Board of Trade exhibit is a cane decorated with the "House of Romanian King," and also a symbol of the old Greek party, "hard money in a horn." Attached to the cane is a Mexican silver dollar.

Last evening C. Fred Henking of San Dimas, District Deputy Exalted Ruler, installed officers of the Redlands Lodge of Elks.

Two buttons are very popular in the city. To every contributor to the McKinley memorial fund a fine likeness of the former President was given, and they are worn by hundreds. Now the coming of the President has caused a demand for Roosevelt buttons, and they are everywhere in evidence.

There were light showers, and it rained during the night and today.

Capt. Midgley and Lieut. Teddie of Pomona are here to interest the members of Co. G in a competitive drill to take place at Pomona July 4. The Redlands militiamen have accepted the invitation.

The Redlands Prohibition Alliance arranged for rallies to be held Saturday and Sunday evenings, from 8 to 10 p.m.

Mr. C. W. Conley, of "The Delicatessen," has been elected president of the alliance; R. J. Russell, vice-president; L. D. Newell, secretary; A. M. Mitchell, treasurer; Rev. W. G. Conley, chaplain; J. E. Wheeler, marshal.

RIVERSIDE.

NEWS TOPICS.

RIVERSIDE. April 10.—Andrew Torre, a Mexican living near Ethanac, was brought to the County Jail this afternoon to await trial for attempted criminal assault. He is alleged to have attempted to rape a thirteen-year-old girl named Ida Hamilton near Ethanac.

The best place to get cold meats, sausages and other delicacies is "The Delicatessen," 62 W. Spring & Co. 432 South Spring street, in front of the Hotel "Free dinner." Telephone Main and Home 111.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

ELIZABETH (N. J.) April 10.—Owing to the spreading of the rails, a drill engine on the Central Railroad of New Jersey left the track, and plunged down twenty-foot embankment into a pond today. The engineer, fireman and a brakeman were buried under the engine. The dead are:

ARTHUR HORARTH, engineer, South Amboy.

FIREMAN BROOKS, Jersey City.

BAKEMAN KLING, Elizabeth.

All the victims were married and had families. They were horribly scalded. When the engine went over the embankment, Engineer Hobart had hold of the whistle cord, and the whistle continued to sound until the engineer was dead, or the steam exhausted.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE correspondent in the West Indies has written for next Sunday's issue a letter full of information about the industries of Porto Rico.

TOURISTS, CAMPERS AND PICKNICKERS.

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WHO IS COL. J. L. LYON? NOT KNOWN.

THE FIRST CHRISTIANS will be the title of an interesting article in The Times Magazine tomorrow, describing discoveries made in Egypt.

Los Angeles Daily Times. 11

THE OLD RELIABLE



THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

MARINE NEWS.

From San Pedro, Port for Los Angeles.

[REPORTED DAILY FOR THE TIMES.]

SAILED—FRIDAY, APRIL 10.

Schooner Buelah, Capt. Erickson, for Umpqua River.

DUE AT THIS PORT.

From Eureka, steam Laker, via San Francisco, steamer.

Schooner Buelah, April 11, via way ports, steamer.

Santa Cruz, April 11; steamer Cook Bay and From Port Gamble.

TO LEAVE—SATURDAY, APRIL 11.

For San Francisco, via way ports, steamer.

Port Blakely, schooner Estelle, for Port Blakely, schooner Excelsior.

MONDAY, APRIL 12.

For San Francisco, via way ports, steamer.

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SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1903.

Los Angeles Daily Times. 11

Los Angeles County: Cities and Suburban Places.

[NEWS REPORTS FROM TIMES CORRESPONDENTS.]

AGADENA COMMITTEE GETS TALKED ABOUT.

EX SEAT FOR THE MAYOR AT PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION.

Teller Will Occupy Carriage Behind Detectives and Stenographers Unless Seats are Changed—Disappearing Seats are Turned Up and is Turned Down.

PACADENA Office of The Times, April 10.—South Raymond avenue, April 10.—The Committee on Receiving the President has been subjected to criticism on account of the arrangement which has been made about the carriage to be used in the Presidential parade. The carriage is to contain the President, Senator Loeb, Congressman McLachlan, chairman of the Reception Committee, and C. C. Reynolds, chairman of the Executive Committee. The Mayor and President Borden are placed in the rear seat, with Assistant Secretary of War and Surgeon-General in the front. The second carriage being delayed, the second carriage is being delayed in the rear-service officers and in the new-service officers.

They are taking exception to the carriage which the Mayor has selected and that he, as Chief of the city, should have a carriage the Chief Executive of the city. Especially are the heads of the principal departments, (who are not the Mayor), resenting the which they claim to be somewhat par with the way the Mayor was treated, until the himself called the Reception Committee to task about it.

HOT MON RETURNS.

Marshall, the uncanny man who has caused the police worry of late, turned up yesterday to be arrested again. Marshall was employed by the police as a hawker. Last Saturday he was sent on an errand and never returned. Mr. Smith had to pay him his wages, but the money, saying he enough, when he was a dollar. Marshall, his employer dismissed him. He had been dismissed.

WALKING DELEGATE'S FACE PUNCHED.

TRIES TO RUN PACKING HOUSE AT SAN DIMAS.

TROUBLE-PROMOTER Elgar Insults Foreman Thompson and Gets Swift Jolts from Fist—“Ultimatum” Costs Nine Packers Their Jobs.

SAN DIMAS. April 10.—Trouble which has been brewing in the packing-house gives for the Woodmen of the World Band which is to be in several pieces and will be one of the organizations of the kind. Miss Jessie Marie Biggs, “Haze Kirk,” and the band and orchestra played a good attendance and a sum of money was raised.

NOT MENTIONING.

W. H. Nodder came to Beach Thursday night and yesterday morning. He does anything about whom he went to the municipal jobs. It is that Building Inspector is to drop in the bushes. But himself thinks so one of Wright's strongest supporters.

Anderson, who took the Crown on North Raymond avenue and street and fitted it as a boardroom, has failed to find a place to go with the understanding that if there is any more of the family tie, Cravatt will again.

Cravatt, accused of beating his wife, before Justice Klammer, at the Hotel Rockwood, yesterday allowed to go with the understanding that if there is any more of the family tie, Cravatt will again.

Those have been engaged for the Hotel Rockwood, to be the packer's house, and tried to get the trouble. Manager Nelson and Foreman E. O. Thompson ordered him out of the building, hot words followed, and Elgar called Thompson a liar. Thompson who is a much smaller man, resented the charge and got a few sharp, quick blows in quick succession on Elgar's face. The walking delegate sneaked off like a drowned rat.

LORESBURG.

SNAP FOR PEDDLER.

LORESBURG, April 10.—Scarcely a week passes but the people here are impeded upon by peddlers, who, having neither capital nor reputation to loss, come today and leave tomorrow. Although an unusual number of citizens have been victimized in this way, the peddlers were easily, notwithstanding the “laborious” efforts of a walking delegate named N. H. Elgar.

This afternoon Elgar went to the packing-house and tried to get the trouble. Manager Nelson and Foreman E. O. Thompson ordered him out of the building, hot words followed, and Elgar called Thompson a liar. Thompson who is a much smaller man, resented the charge and got a few sharp, quick blows in quick succession on Elgar's face. The walking delegate sneaked off like a drowned rat.

WHITTIER.

LAST TRIBUTE TO PASTOR.

WHITTIER, April 10.—Impressive services were held at Plymouth Congregational Church this forenoon, before the last tribute which a mourning congregation could pay its departed pastor, Dr. S. G. Arnett. The church had been beautifully decorated for the funeral services by members, hundreds of calas being banked at the altar, with an immense cross of the same flowers in front of the pulpit. Gold of Ophir roses and asparagus plumes were used to drap the arch back of the pulpit, and pure-white marguerites, white roses and ferns were massed near the cross.

The services were conducted by Dr. Mallow, pastor of Plymouth Congregational Church, Los Angeles, and tributes to the worth, sincerity and ability of Dr. Arnett were given by two of his closest friends, Dr. L. D. Johnson and Rev. Stephen Horine. Music was furnished by Misses Bradley and Hurst, Mrs. McDaniel, Dr. and Mrs. Armstrong, assisted by Mrs. Leonard Bell, who sang the beautiful “Homeland” as a solo. The pallbearers were Messrs. C. Strain, H. F. Griffin, Taylor W. Dull and Lew Buttman, William Dull and H. A. Case. Prominent among the attendants at the services were the pastors of other Whittier churches and body of students and teachers from Whittier College, in which Dr. Arnett had shown a great interest, where he had until recently been enrolled as a student.

After the services the body was taken to Evergreen Cemetery for interment. Dr. Arnett leaves a widow, son and daughter.

TO DREDGE HASSAYAMPA.

INSTITUTE SESSIONS.

TROPICO, April 10.—There were large audience at the three sessions of the Farmers' Institute yesterday. The sessions were of interest and value to farmers, fruit and berry growers, and the public. Three large tables laden with citrus fruits, vegetables, strawberries, canned, preserved fruits, olives and vegetables, contributed by citizens of Tropico, Glendale, and North Glendale, made a striking exhibit.

HERE AND THERE.

Rev. D. M. Stuart of Glendale opened the programme with prayer, followed by a piano duet by Misses Ellen Chase and Ima Whittaker of Tropico.

J. C. Sherer of Verdugo presided at the morning and afternoon sessions.

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